GYTS-4 | GLOBAL YOUTH TOBACCO SURVEY

UTTARAKHAND 2019

GYTS Objectives

The Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS), a component of the Global Tobacco Surveillance System (GTSS), is a global standard for systematically monitoring youth tobacco use (smoking and smokeless) and tracking key tobacco control indicators.

GYTS is a cross-sectional, nationally representative school-based survey of students in grades associated with ages 13 to 15 years. GYTS uses a standard core questionnaire, sample design, and data collection protocol. It assists countries in fulfilling their obligations under the World Health Organization (WHO) Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC) to generate comparable data within and across countries. WHO has developed MPOWER, a technical package of selected demand reduction measures contained in the WHO FCTC:



Monitor tobacco use & prevention policies

Protect people from tobacco smoke

Offer help to quit tobacco use

Warn about the dangers of tobacco

Enforce bans on tobacco advertising, promotion, & sponsorship

Raise taxes on tobacco

GYTS Methodology

GYTS uses a global standardized methodology that includes a two-stage sample design with schools selected with a probability proportional to enrollment size. The classes within selected schools are chosen randomly and all students in selected classes are eligible to participate in the survey. The survey uses a standard core questionnaire with a set of optional questions that countries can adapt to measure and track key tobacco control indicators. The questionnaire covers the following topics: tobacco use (smoking and smokeless), cessation, secondhand smoke (SHS), pro- and anti-tobacco media messages and advertisements, access to and availability of tobacco products, and knowledge and attitudes regarding tobacco use. The questionnaire is self-administered; using paper sheets, it is anonymous to ensure confidentiality.

In Uttarakhand, the GYTS-4 was conducted in 2019 as part of national survey by the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) under the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW). The overall response rate for Uttarakhand was 81.0%. A total of 2,269 students from 28 schools (Public-15; Private-13) participated in the survey. Of which, 1,814 students aged 13 15 years were considered for reporting.

GYTS-4 Highlights

TOBACCO USE

- 19% of students 18% of boys and 19% of girls currently used any tobacco products.
- 17% of students 17% of boys and 18% of girls currently smoked tobacco.
- 7.3% of students 8.7% of boys and 5.7% of girls currently smoked cigarette.
- 5.6% of students 3.2% of boys and 8.2% of girls currently smoked bidi.
- 2.6% of students 3.2% of boys and 8.2% of girls currently used smokeless tobacco.

CESSATION

- 21% of students 28% of boys and 14% of girls tried to quit smoking in the past 12 months.
- 18% of current smokers wanted to quit smoking now.
- 8.8% of current users of smokeless tobacco tried to quit using in past 12 months.
- 1.6% of current users of smokeless tobacco wanted to quit now.

SECONDHAND SMOKE

- 12% of students were exposed to tobacco smoke at home.
- 31% of students were exposed to tobacco smoke inside enclosed public places.

ACCESS & AVAILABILITY

- 26% of current cigarette smokers and 71% of current bidi smokers bought cigarettes/bidis from a store, paan shop, street vendor or vending machine.
- Among the current smokers who bought cigarette/bidi, 38% of cigarette smokers and 25% of bidi smokers were not refused because of their age.

MEDIA

- 40% of students noticed anti-tobacco messages in the mass media.
- 17% of students noticed tobacco advertisements or promotions when visiting points of sale.

KNOWLEDGE & ATTITUDES

- 63% of students thought other people's cigarette smoking is harmful to them.
- 51% of students favoured ban on smoking inside enclosed public places.

SCHOOL POLICY

- 50% of school heads 52% in rural and 43% in urban schools were aware of COTPA, 2003.
- 61% of school heads 62% in rural and 57% in urban schools were aware of the policy to display 'tobacco-free school' board.





FACT SHEET

UTTARAKHAND 2019

TOBACCO USE	Boys (%)	Girls (%)	Rural (%)	Urban (%)	Total (%)
Any tobacco use ¹ (smoked and/or smokeless)					
a. Ever tobacco users ²	30.7	32.2	28.2	39.5	31.4
b. Current tobacco users ³	18.0	19.0	15.7	25.7	18.5
Smoking tobacco ⁴					
a. Ever tobacco smokers	25.6	27.6	22.9	35.9	26.6
b. Current tobacco smokers	16.7	17.7	14.2	24.8	17.2
Cigarette					
a. Ever cigarette users	14.3	12.0	10.7	19.4	13.2
b. Current cigarette users	8.7	5.7	6.3	9.7	7.3
Bidi					
a. Ever bidi users	11.3	17.6	11.3	22.2	14.3
b. Current bidi users	3.2	8.2	4.8	7.7	5.6
Smokeless tobacco					
a. Ever smokeless tobacco users	10.6	10.0	11.0	8.7	10.3
b. Current smokeless tobacco users	3.2	1.9	2.9	1.6	2.6
c. Ever users of paan masala ⁵ together with tobacco	3.2	2.7	3.1	2.4	2.9
Susceptibility					
Never cigarette smokers susceptible to cigarette use in future ⁶	11.5	10.8	11.1	11.4	11.2
Median age of initiation (in years)			<u>Landabatain</u> en		
a. Cigarette	<7	7.1	<7	7.1	7.0
b. Bidi	7.9	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.5
c. Smokeless tobacco	8.2	<7	7.5	<7	<7
ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE7					
a. Awareness about e-cigarette	35.6	38.3	32.1	49.2	36.9
b. Ever e-cigarette use	6.6	8.6	4.8	14.7	7.6
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Smoking tobacco					
a. Ever tobacco smokers who quit in last 12 months ⁸	21.5	6.9	13.1	15.8	14.1
 b. Current tobacco smokers who tried to quit smoking in the past 12 months⁹ 	27.8	14.1	21.8	19.6	20.9
c. Current tobacco smokers who wanted to quit smoking now9	22.1	13.7	18.1	17.6	17.9
Smokeless tobacco					
a. Ever smokeless tobacco users who quit in last 12 months ⁸	11.6	1.9	9.0	0.8	7.1
b. Current smokeless tobacco users who tried to quit tobacco in the past 12 months ⁹	11.3	4.5	10.7	0.0	8.8
 Current smokeless tobacco users who wanted to quit tobacco now⁹ 	- 0.0	4.5	2.0	0.0	1.6
SECONDHAND SMOKE (SHS)10					
Exposure to tobacco smoke at home/public place	42.8	42.2	36.4	58.1	42.5
b. Exposure to tobacco smoke at home	13.1	10.6	11.8	12.0	11.9
 Exposure to tobacco smoke inside any enclosed public places¹¹ 	29.4	32.8	26.5	42.5	31.0
d. Exposure to tobacco smoke at any outdoor public places ¹²	29.0	31.5	23.4	47.7	30.2
e. Students who saw anyone smoking inside the school building or outside school property	19.1	16.6	19.7	13.2	17.8

Notes: 1. Use of any form of tobacco, i.e. smoking, smokeless, and any other form of tobacco products; 2. Ever tried or experimented any form of tobacco even once; 3. Use of any form of tobacco in past 30 days; 4. Includes other form of smoking products in addition to eigarette and bidi such as hookah, eigars, cheroots, eigarillos, water pipe, chillum, chutta, dhumti; 5. Use of paan massala together with tobacco was asked directly as one of the categories of smokeless tobacco; 6. Susceptibility to future eigarette use includes those who answered "yes", or "maybe" to using tobacco products if one of their best friends offered it to them; 7. E-cigarette is part of Electronic Nicotine Delivery System (ENDS) and includes like devices and other emerging products; 8. Stopped using tobacco in past 12 months; 9. Refers to current tobacco users only; 10. Secondhand smoking or passive smoking refers to exposure to other people's smoking in past 7 days; 11. Refers to schools, hostels, shops, restaurants, movie theatres, public conveyances, gyms, sports arenas, airports, auditorium, hospital building, railway waiting room, public toilets, public offices, educational institutions, libraries, etc.; 12. Refers to playgrounds, sidewalks, entrances to buildings, parks, beaches, bus stops, market places, etc.; #. the value 0.0 represent prevalence of less than 0.05.

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ACCESS AI	ND AVAILABILITY	Boys (%)	Girls (%)	Rural (%)	Urban (%)	Total (%)
Major source	of tobacco products ¹³					
a. Cigarette:	Store	78.2	40.1	76.1	59.5	69.1
c. Cigarette:	Someone else	18.3	0.0	0.7	31.8	13.9
. Bidi: Store		51.6	76.8	68.2	79.3	72.6
1. Bidi: Paar	\$114 THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE	18.5	20.9	21.1	19.7	20.5
	s tobacco: Store	30.4	54.7	34.3	58.4	39.4
	s tobacco: Paan shop	20.7	39.9	30.5	-17.8	27.8
	garette smokers who bought cigarettes from a	20.2	19.4	27.6	23.6	26.1
store, paa	n shop, street vendor, or vending machine	30.2	19.4	27.0	25.0	20.,
	idi smokers who bought bidi from a store, paan reet vendor	36.1	85.0	69.2	73.1	74.0
Refused sale	because of age in past 30 days					
a. Refused s	ale of cigarette	42.7	100.0	89.0	23.0	62.2
b. Refused s	ale of <i>bidi</i>	92.3	59.9	74.8	75.5	75.1
c. Refused s	ale of smokeless tobacco	68.7	95.4	69.3	100.0	31.0
	ette/bidi as individual sticks in past 30 days					
a. Cigarette		47.7	31.2	35.2	54.9	43.
b. Bidi		26.1	15.5	18.2	15.8	17.3
	ID ANTI-TOBACCO MESSAGES					
			Banding and State Co.			
	advertising in past 30 days	72.0	67.9	67.5	76,4	70.
a. Students	who notice anti-tobacco messages anywhere 14 who noticed anti-tobacco messages in the mass media 1		41.3	40.1	40.5	40.
		37.2				
	who noticed anti-tobacco messages at sporting, certs, community events or social gatherings ¹⁶	36.7	38.5	34.8	44.8	37.
	who noticed health warnings on any tobacco	215	28.7	28.9	38.7	31.
	igarette packages	34.5	20.7	20.9	36.7	24.
PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1972 AND ADD	ertising in past 30 days					
a. Students	who saw tobacco advertisements anywhere17	47.7	46.8	42.0	60.7	47.
	who saw anyone using tobacco on mass media15	35.3	36.9	32.3	45.7	36.
c. Students	who noticed cigarette	18.3	14.9	14.4	22.4	16.
	ments/promotions at point of sale18	HOREITE STEEL				
Anti-tobacco						
	who were taught in class about harmful effects	23.3	31.8	24.4	35.3	27.
	o use during past 12 months					
	DGE AND ATTITUDE				estate at	
	who thought it is difficult to quit once someone oking tobacco	24.1	26.8	21.5	35.4	25.
b. Students	who thought other people's tobacco smoking is	61.3	65.5	61.7	67.7	63.
c. Students public pl	who favoured ban on smoking inside enclosed	48.1	53.5	46.9	60.6	50.
d. Students public pl	who favoured ban on smoking at outdoor	56.6	56.4	52.2	67.4	56.
	POLICY ON TOBACCO USE ¹⁹					
	leads aware of COTPA ²⁰ , 2003			52.4	42.9	50.
b. Schools	authorized by the state government to collect violation under Section-6 of the COTPA, 2003			19.1	0.0	14
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.	followed 'tobacco-free school' guidelines	processing the second		76.2	42.9	67
c. Schools	aware of the policy for displaying 'tobacco-free schoo	12.1		61.9	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN

Notes: 13. Refers to source of obtaining tobacco products by current users at the time of last use in past 30 days and the two major sources are given here, therefore, these two figures may not add upto 100% as there are other sources; 14. Includes any form of mass media, fairs, concerts, sporting, community events or social gatherings, tobacco products packages and taught in class; 15. Mass media includes television, radio, internet, billboards, posters, newspapers, magazines, movies, etc.; 16. Social events include sports events, fairs, concerts, community events, social gatherings etc.; 17. Includes any form of media or point of sale; 18. Point of Sale includes any stores, grocery shops, paan shops etc.; 19. Unit of analysis is the school (unweighted); 20. Cigarettes and Other Tobacco Products (Prohibition of Advertisement and Regulation of Trade and Commerce, Production, Supply and Distribution) Act, 2003.





